USSL Risk Assessment

Assessn	Risk Assessment No nent Undertaken by M. W.	90 atson	Ass	Activity sessment Da		Grabs and Hiabs Locations Jun-17 Review Date			/ Yard 5/18	
E P	Persons at risk (PAR) Employees / Contractors Members of Public	1 2	Negligible i Minor injury	y / Harm Ra njury or no in requiring F	ting (S) njury	Risk Ratings Likelih 1 Extremely unlikely to occur at any to 2 A rare combination of factors would	me	d for an incl	dent to nocu	
V	Visitors Clients	3 4 5	Lost time in Single serie	jury ous injury or aths and or s	single deat	3 Could happen, but considered unlik Not certain, but an additional factor	ely under n may result	ormal circur in an incide	nstances nt	
15 -	DANGER - Task/activity	y should not			T	oblerance rating s are to be put in place to reduce risk. When in place the le				r adequacy
7-	SIGNIFICANT RISK is:	attached to	this task/act	ivity. Look	critically at	vays of reducing the level of risk to a more tolerable level by	improving	existing con	trol measure	es or by
TOLERABLE RISK - Consider if risk is "as low as reasonably practicable", If not try to reduce risk further by improving control measures. Keep under review and continue with task/activity, but with caudion										
	Initial Assessme			E will be uti	lised as a ı	natter of course during any works undertaken Risk Mitigation Me	asures			
Item No	Hazard Identification	PAR	S	L	Score	Control Measures Working area(s) must be barriered AT ALL TIMES unless	S	L	Revised Score	Risk Acceptable
1	Customers and members of the public entering the working area	E,P,V,C	4	3	12	a team member acts as a banks man Walkways must be provided for pedestrians Vehicle parking to be planned and vehicle doors that may obstruct pedestrians and traffic kept closed ent width for discharged the plant of the provide sufficient width for selective pedestrians and traffic kept closed ent kertis. Footway boards and road plates must be securely placed, well supported and primed Areas where the customers and the public may walk must be kept free from tools and materials Work is to be stopped and supervisor consulted when Children must one by allowing or Children must one by allowing or materials or equipment.	4	1	4	Yes
2	Slips, Trips and Falls	E,P,V,C	4	4	16	Access to the working area to be kept clear of tools and materials at all time materials and in a tidy condition as work Working area to be maintained in a tidy condition as work Mad to be cleaned from boots when leaving the working area and musl swept off toolpaths Check-the condition of stairs or places slips or trips may occur Take trained in well or fracing conditions. The clean trained in well or slight product condition and sept clean - Boots must provide entitle support Stopp into the whiche to be kept clean and free from mud. Extra care to be taken if there is no step All terms are to be checked by the user BEFORE use	4	1	4	Yes
3	Defective or unsuitable plant/tools and equipment	Е	3	4	12	Hand tools to be cleaned and inspected by the user All plant and powered equipment to be regularly maintained and inspected by a competent person Defective or broken tools are NOT to be used and are to be immediately repaired or replaced Litting equipment & Tackle must be inspected regularly – see Working with Hilbs and Grabs Follow the guidance in your Operative Handbook	3	2	6	Yes
4	Manual handling	E	3	4	12	Kerbs and heavy modular units should be lifted with mechanical assistance	3	2	6	Yes
5	Dust inc Silica dust	E,P,V,C	4	4	16	Use hydraulic flag and block cutters where possible Water sprays on cutting saws are to be used to control dust from cutting operations – concrete, flags etc. If no water is available disposable half mask respirators to minimum of FFP3 standard should be used and fit tested to the individual	4	1	4	Yes
6 7	Vibration Noise	E E,P,V,C	3	3	9	Follow RA For Vibration Follow RA For Noise	3	2	6	Yes Yes
8	Cable Strike or utility damage	E	4	4	16	Follow advice in Avoiding Danger from Underground Services Risk Assessment.	4	1	4	Yes
9	Impact with moving vehicles	E,P,V,C	5	4	20	Use warning signs as described in the Street works Code of Practice (Chapter 8) Provide safety zones are as described in the Street works Code of Practice (Chapter 8) Provide warring (lights during the hours of darkness Wear high visibility clothing at all times	4	1	4	Yes
10	Working on construction sites	Е	4	4	16	Report to the tile manager on arrival Request as tile induction and ensure that all team members attend identify the site safety rules and compty with them e.g. wearing of safety helmets Consult the site manager for up to date information on the position of underground plant	4	1	4	Yes
11	Falls from height	Е	4	4	16	Hiabs must be operated from ground level where possible Driver to work from suitable platforms with access ladders where controls are mounted at high level. All loads must be checked for security before being lifted	4	1	4	Yes
12	Falling objects	E,P,V,C	4	4	16	An loads thust be checked to be security before being limited No person is allowed to work under a suspended load Barriers/banksmen must be used to keep swing area clear	4	1	4	Yes
13	Failure or collapse of lifting equipment –hiabs etc	E.P.V.C	5	4	20	Uning equipment must meet British and European standards. Utiling equipment must be maintained in line with manufacturers requirements. Utiling equipment must have original test documentation and be throughly inspected, every 12 months. Records of equipment maintenance, repair and inspection. Hence of equipment maintenance, repair and inspection expects and the expect of equipment maintenance, repair and inspection expects and the expect of equipment maintenance, repair and respection expects and expect of equipment shall be removed from service until repairs. As we been made expected by a trained and Equipment shall be removed from service until repairs. As weekly inspection must be made by the operator and excerded (F91 equivalent). Stabilishing devices must be fully deployed on all lifting equipment or risk assessment shall be made before all habs and crane persentions and will condider. The weight of the load to be littled against the capacity of the equipment. The stability of the area where the load is to be moved to the risks of lift over fixed features such as gas governor. The effects of high winds on equipment and he load in motion.	4	1	4	Yes
14	Failure or of lifting tackle – hooks, slings, shackles etc	E,P,V,C	5	4	20	Lifting tackle must meet British and European standards and have test documentation and have test documentation. It is a subject to the property of the proper	4	1	4	Yes
15	Overhead cable/plant damage	E,P,V,C	5	5	25	Overhead cables/pipes/bridges etc. are to be considered as part of the Site Specific Raik Assessment Work within 15 metres of non-insulated power cables on steel towers and 9 metres on wooden poles is NOT permitted unless permission has been obtained from the electricity distribution company Permit to Work is required if lifting over live plant (e.g. live gas main)	5	1	5	Yes
16	Trench collapse	E,P,V,C	5	4	20	Do not allow Hiabs or excavators to straddle an open trench or work on the edge of a trench Ground stability should be considered when completing the site-specific risk assessment. Use portable/battery-powered lighting if working on live	4	1	4	Yes
17	Poor lighting conditions	E,P,V,C	5	4	20	gas operations. The lighting must be intrinsically safe with the EX sign displayed on equipment.	4	1	4	Yes
18	Crushing / Trapping	E	5	4	20	Sale working areas should be established around all moving parts in particular the barksman to ensure no personic enter the eventy radius of the hab during any. The operator to ensure that nobody is within the vicinity when the stabiliser legs are being deployed. Only fixed and issets difficulty points to be used for attaching loads during thing operations. If you have the stabiliser is not seen that the properties of the	4	1	4	Yes